in the Statistical Index*, weighing more than 500 grammes per square metre.

Woollen yarns (containing of least 10 per cent of wool):—
Single.

ex 381-384 ex 335-388

Of two or more strands, not specially mentioned.

[Note.—Nos. 889-890 [not prohibited] relate to loop or fancy yarns, and No. 391 [not prohibited] to woollen yarn in small packets put up for retail sale.

The prohibition of the export of "woollen" yarus applies to yarus made from the hair of sheep and goats, camel's hair, the hair of the alpaca, llama, vicuna, hare or rabbit, and from the wool of other animals.

Yarns of jute (see Jute yarns); yarns of wool (see Woollen varns).

Zine:

ex 946 Unmanufactured (with the exception of sine produced from raw material (not from scrap) at a Swedish

vefinery); also scrap.

Sheets, even with a coating of other nonprecious metal.

Ex. 947 B Wire, pipes and parts of pipes; anodes, even if provided with ears, with or without holes.

947 C Rolled sheets furnished with holes (so-called boiler zinc).
948 Rods.

DENMARK.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

July 14, 1915.

NOTES.

1. As regards goods in transit and transhipment goods (in the Copenhagen free port and all other Danish harbours), all such goods, if of a kind prohibited to be exported from Denmark, are covered by the prohibition unless they are on a through bill of lading to a port in a foreign (non-Danish) country.

The prohibition is therefore applicable in cases where the goods are either shipped to a Danish port "to order," or where the goods are redestined to another port than the one originally mentioned in the bill of lading (unless it is only a question of redestination to another port in the same country).

(20928.) Ydende " of the

2. According to an official notice published in the "Berlingske Tidende" of the 12th February, 1915, permissions to export granted by the Ministry of Justice are valid only for one month from the day on which permission was granted, unless other conditions are determined in the permit itself.

Aluminium (see Materials, raw); aluminium salts.

Ammonia sulphate (see Manures); ammonia and ammoniacal salts.

Ammunition of all kinds, and distinctive component parts thereof.

Aniline and aniline combinations (see Tar colours).

Antimony (see Materials, raw); alloys of antimony.

Arms (see Weapons).

Artificial manures (see Manures).

Asbestos (sec Materials, raw).

Bandaging and dressing materials (including tarred jute and hygroscopic cotton). Barbed wire.

^{*}The following bissues are specially mentioned in the index, and are therefore excepted from the prohibition, vis., press cloth; machine-felt, endless or woven round for factory use [893]; carpets mats, and rugs [394-9], velvet and plush [400]; bissues shaped in manufacture not specially mentioned [except woollen blankets of this kind [401]; double-mounted tissues, not combined with other textile materials, unbloached or bleached, weighing 100 grammes or less per square metre [402]; dross cloths weighing 300 grammes or more per square metre, containing threads wholly or partly of silk, the silk not exceeding 3 per cent of the total weight of the rissue [403].

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THE MYSORE GAZETTE, SEPTEMBER 30, 1915.
                                                                            PART
Barley (included under Cereals).
Beans (see Fodder-stuffs).
Benzine (petrol); benzol.
Bilberries, dried.
Bones, raw and calcined, bone dust (see Manures); bonefat and bone-oil (see Embricants).
Bran (see Fodder-stuffs).
Brass plates, brass bars, old brass, brass sersp (see Materials, raw),
Bread (see Flour).
Cables, electric.
Candles (paraffin candles).
Carrots (see Fodder-stuffs).
Cattle-foods (see Fodder-stuffs).
Gereals.
Chrome (ore).
Clover seed.
Coal and Coke.
Cocoannt yarn and cordage made thereof.
Colours (tar colours) and organic ingredients for producing tar colours including aniline
     and aniline combinations.
Copper ore and slag derived therefrom-
Copper of all kinds, old and new*, copper scrap (see Materials, raw).
Copper vitriol (copper sulphate).
Copper vitriol (copper sulphate).
Copra.
Cordage made of homp, jute, or coccenut yarn.
Corn offala (see Fodder-stuffs).
Cotton and cotton yarn; cotton waste.
Cotton seed.
Cresol and metacresol.
Crucibles (graphite).
Dressings (see Bandages).
Driving-belts of leather.
Drugs of all kinds (all goods specified in the Decree of 1st August, 1914, containing
    regulations respecting goods dealt in by apothecariest, with the exception of somp,
     perfames, ordinary retail skin cream and powder).
Dycs (tar dyes) (see Tar colours).
Earth nuts.
Electric cables.
Explosives and gunpowder, as well as raw materials for their manufacture (including
     sulphur, Sulphuric acid, saltpetre [including Chile saltpetre], mitric acid and gly-
     ccrine).
Ferrochrome; ferromanganese, ferromolybdenum; ferronickel; ferrosilicon; ferroti-
     tanium; ferrolungsten; ferrovanadium.
Flour (including bread of all kinds).
Fodder-stuff (including oil-cakes, hay, straw, malt-germs, crushed soya beans, bran,
     corn offsals, carrots, swedes, bloodmeal, blood feeding cake, peas [both cooking
     and fodder pease], beans, and lentils).
Fuel-stuffs (coal, coke, petroleum of all kinds, benzine, and other materials for fuel).
Gas cleaning material, used.
(Hyperine [see Lubricants and Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].
Gold and silver coin i or bars (including foreign coinage of gold and silver i, silver
     in plates and gold in leaves).
Graphite and graphite crucibles.
Greats (including maizens, sago greats, rice greats, and buckwhet greats).
Gunpowder (see Explosives).
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Haematite iron ore, haematite pig iron, pyrites ("acoulkis" and "jernkis").

Hay (see Fodder-stuffs).

Hemp, raw, and cordage and yarn made thereof.

Hides (raw cattle-hides, and salted calf-skins of at least 8 kilogrammes salted weight, and dried calf-skins of at least 4 kilogrammes each).

^{*} The term " copper" includes all kinds of copper, also manufactured copper [December 4, 1914] . 1 One copy of this Decree is on file at the Board of Trude (12049); and one copy at the West Trade Department (38368 W. O. 2).

[?] All the preparations covered by the expression "mineral oils and motor spirit." distillates of mineral oils, such as petroleum liquid, fuel gas oil, etc., come within the scope of the prohibition December 4, 1914]:

[§] Travellers may carry with them the gold and silver coins not exceeding 200 kroner in value.

Hides and skins, prepared (except gost-skins).

Horses, including feals and colts.

Instruments and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or materials for warfars by land or sea.

Iron nails (galvanised) for ships' use (see materials, raw).

Iron are (haematite) pig iron (haematite), pyrites ("sroolkis" and "jernkis").

Iron plates, tinned or galvanised (see Materials, raw).

Jute, raw, and cordage and yarn made thereof; jute sackcloth; jute sacks.

Kainite (see Potash salts).

Knitting-machines; knitting-machine needles.

Lamb and sheep skins, prepared and unprepared.

*Lard; compound lard.

Lead of all kinds, old and new; scrap lead (see Materials, raw).

Leather.

Leather wares:—leather goods, not fully worked, including all semi-manufactured leather goods which are merly out out, stock or sewn together: leather driving-belts; all kinds of saddlemakers' wares in the production of which the workers' wage does not, in the opinion of the Ministry of Justice, amount to at least 30 per cent of the value of the leather employed.

Lentils (see Fodder-stuffs).

Linseed; linseed oil (included under Vegetable oils); linseed oil varnish.

Lubricants (including lubricating oils, vascline, glycerine, and bonefat and bone-oil).

Maixe (included under Cereals); maize starch.

Malt and malt-gorms.

Manganese and manganese orc.

*Manures:—manufactured artificial manures, including superphosphates, blood manure, bone dust, sulphate of ammonia, and raw materials for the manufacture of manure, including raw and calcined bones, and gas water. (See also under Potash.)

Margarine.

Materials, raw, for building or repairing iron or steel ships, as also for the manufacture of arms or ammunition (including all aluminism, antimony, asbestos, lead of all kinds, old and new, tinned or galvanised iron plates, galvanised iron nails for ships' use, copper of all kinds, old and new, brass plates, brass bars, old brass, unwrought nickel, nickel wire, seamless steel tubes (boiler and steam tubes), tin of all kinds, old and new, zinc in blocks or sheets, metal scrap—of brass, copper, gun-metal, and lead).

Materials, raw, for making powder and explosives (including sulphur, sulphuric acid,

saltpetre [including Chile saltpetre], nitric soid, and glycerine).

Medicinal stores (see Druge)

Mineral oils, etc. (see Buel-stuffs).

Motor spirit (see Fuel-stuffs).

Motor vehicles and motor cycles (including their component parts, also tubes and tyres).

Needles-knitting-machine needles.

Nickel ore.

Nickel, unwrought, nickel wire (see Meterials, raw).

Nitrate of potash (see Potash salts); nitrate of soda (Chile saltpetre) [see Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].

Nitric acid [see Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].

Oats (included under Cereals).

Oil-cake (see Fodder-stuffs).

Oils for lubricating and illuminating; oil of surpentine.

Oils, mineral (see Fuel-stuffs).

Oils and stearines, vegetable, for the manufacture of margarine (also compound lard).

Oleo stock, oleo oil, olco and olcomargarine, oleo stearine.

Onions, edible.

Ores:—chrome ore, copper ore and slag derived therefrom, haematite iron ore, manganess ore, nickel ore.

Palmkernels.

[&]quot;This prohibition does not apply to Danish-produced lard for human consumption, packed, fastoned, and marked in a special manner, nor to Danish-produced lard for technical usos (i.e., lard not suitable for human consumption, but used for technical and industrial purposes, such as soapmaking, etc., packed in a specil manner and marked," inedible."

† Baw and pulverised manufal lime are not included within the scope of the prohibition.

Paraffin; paraffin candles.

Pease (both cooking and fodder pease).

Petroleum of all kinds; petrol.

Pig iron (haematite). .

Pigs, live. Pigskins.

Potash salts (including kainite), putash manure, chloride of potash, potash lye. chlorate and perchlorate of potash, nitrate of potash.

Potatoes; putato starch.

Premier jus.

Pyrites (" svovlkis" and "jernkis").

Rags (woollen and half-woollen).

Raw materials for building or repairing iron or steel ships, or for the manufacture or repair of arms or ammunition (see Materials, vaw).

Resin.

Rice greats; rice starch.

Rubber goods—cycle inner tubes and covers and other goods principally made of rubber.

Rubber, raw including rubber solution); reclaimed rubber; rubber waste.

Sacks, empty (cotton and jute); sackeloth of jute.

Saddlemakers' wares of all kinds, in the production of which the workers' wage does not, in the opinion of the Ministry of Justice, amount to at least 50 per cent of the value of the leather employed.

Saltpetro, including Chile saltpetre [see under Potash and Explosives (rdw materials for their manufacture)].

Scrap brass, scrap copper, scrap gummetal, scrap lead (see Materials, raw).

Sesame-seed.

Shoddy.

Silver and gold coin* or bullion (including foreign coin*), silver in plates.

Skins (lamb and sheep skins, prepared or not prepared, pigskins).

Soys beans

Starch (maize starch, rice starch, potato starch, sage starch, and wheat starch).

Stearine, vegetable, for the manufacture of margarine.

Straw (see Fodder-stuffs).

Sulphate of ammonia (see Manures); sulphate of copper copper vitriol).

Sulphur and sulphuric acid [see Explosivos (raw materials for their manufacture)].

Superphosphates (see Manures).

Swedes (see Fodder-stuffs).

Syringes, hand, for medical use.

Tallow (both beef and mutton tallow).

Tanning materials.

Tapioca.

Tar colours and organic ingredients for producing tar colours, including smiline and aniline combinations.

Thermometers for medical use.

Tin of all kinds, old and new (see Materials, raw); tin ore; chloride of tin; oxide of tin.

Tinned or galvanised iron plates (see Materials raw); waste of tinned iron sheets.

Turpentine oil, rectified and unrectified.

Tyres (covers) and tubes (cycle, motor cycle, and motor vehicles).

Varnish (linseed oil varnish).

Vaseline (see Lubricants).

Vegetable oils and stearines for the manufacture of margarine.

Wastes:-cotton waste; rubber waste; waste of tinned iron sheets.

Weapons of all kinds (including sporting guns, and distinctive component parts thereof).

Wheat (included under Cereals); wheat starch.

Wire, barbed.

Wood, in blocks, beams, and boards.

Wool (sheep and lambs).

Woollen and half-woollen rags and shoddy.

Woollen and worsted yarn.

Woollen goods—woven and knitted woollen tricotage goods, whatever be the proportion of wool contained therein; all woven woollen goods (with the exception of curtain and furniture stuffs and passementerie).

Yarns-woollen and worsted; cotton; hamp; jute; cocoanut.

Zinc in blocks or sheets (see Materials, raw).

[&]quot;Travellars may carry with them gold and silver coins not exceeding 200 kroner in value.